

Pima County Labor Market Information

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Agenda

- Labor Market Information
 - Definitions/Data Products & Services
 - Employment Estimates
 - Pima County Target Sectors
 - Arizona and Tucson MSA's Post-Recession Recovery
 - Forthcoming Employment Forecast
 - Cluster Industries
- Questions



Labor Market Information

Labor Definitions



What is LMI?

"Labor Market Information"



- People with jobs are <u>employed</u>.
- People who are jobless, looking for a job, and available for work are <u>unemployed</u>.
- The <u>labor force</u> is made up of the employed and the unemployed.
- People who are neither employed nor unemployed are <u>not</u> in the labor force.



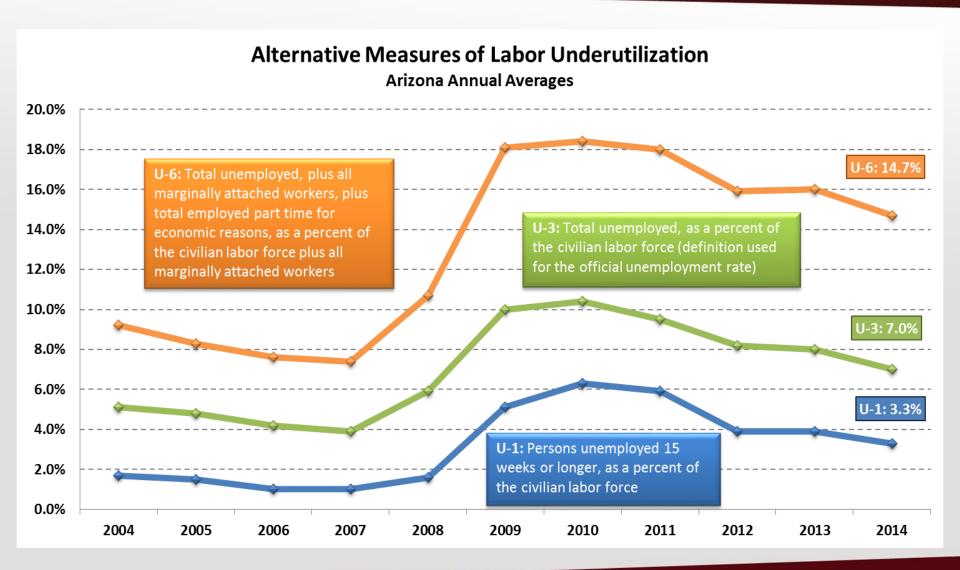
<u>Marginally Attached</u> to the labor force: These are individuals without jobs who are not currently looking for work (and therefore are not counted as unemployed), but who nevertheless have demonstrated some degree of labor force attachment:

- they currently want a job
- have looked for work in the last 12 months (or since they last worked if they worked within the last 12 months)
- are available for work.

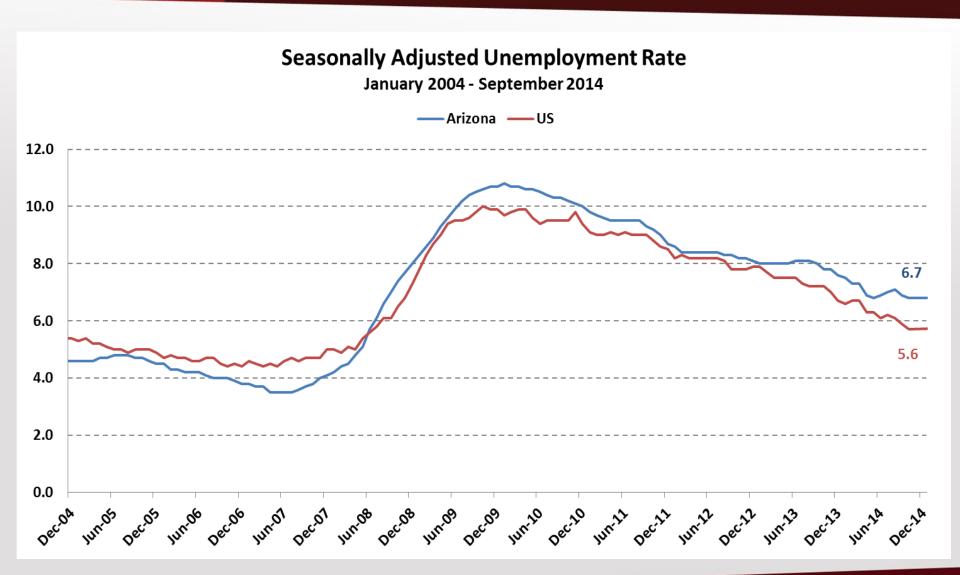
<u>Discouraged Workers</u>: are a subset of the marginally attached. Discouraged workers report they are not currently looking for work for one of the following types of reasons:

- They believe no job is available to them in their line of work or area.
- They had previously been unable to find work.
- They lack the necessary schooling, training, skills, or experience.
- Employers think they are too young or too old, or
- They face some other type of discrimination.

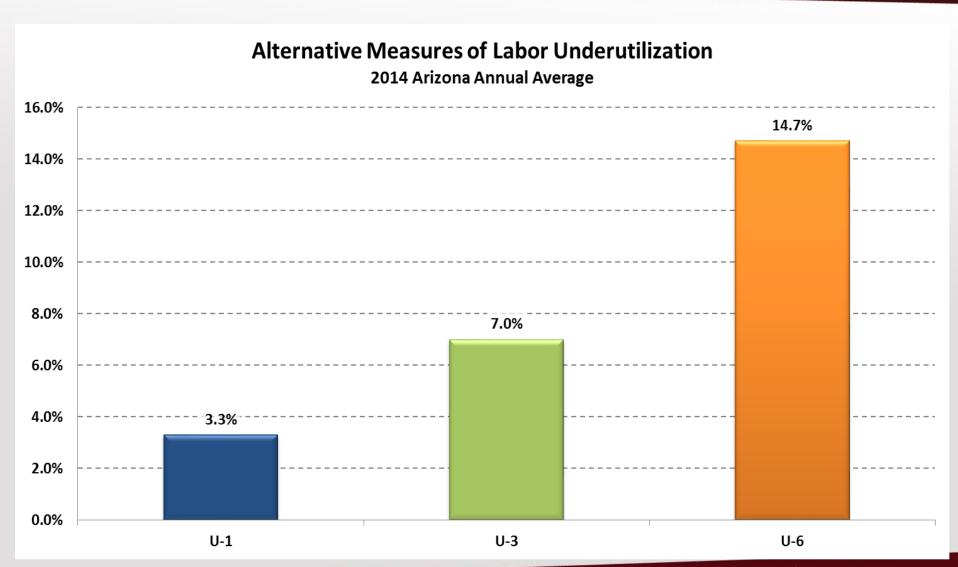














Industry Occupation and Classification

Why is This Important?



- To make an informed decision, or to measure economic progress of any action, one needs data
- Data, however, adheres to a rigid structure. To effectively use existing data, one must be willing to work alongside its already predefined structure.
- Understanding the classification system of the data is therefore a necessary prerequisite for its use.
- The Occupational Employment Survey uses the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC)
- The Current Employment Survey uses the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)



How Occupations & Industries are Defined & Organized

- Occupation (describes what a <u>worker</u> does)
 - Standard Occupation Classification (SOC)
 - Six digit occupation code (O*NET has eight)
 - The more digits, the more detail (hierarchical)
- Industry (describes what the <u>business</u> does)
 - North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)
 - Six digit industry code
 - The more digits, the more detail (hierarchical)



SOC CLASSIFICATION LEVELS

Broad categories lead to unique 6-digit codes for each occupation:

22 Major groups; divided into...

98 Minor groups; divided into...

450 Broad occupations; divided into...

800+ Detailed occupations



SOC STRUCTURE EXAMPLE

Major Group: 15-0000 Computer and Mathematical Occupations

Minor Group: 15-1000 Computer Occupations

Broad Occupation: 15-1130 Software Developers and

Programmers

Detailed Occupation: 15-1132 Software

Developers, Applications



NAICS CLASSIFICATION LEVELS

Broad categories lead to unique 6-digit codes for each occupation:

11 Super sectors; divided into...

20 Major sectors; divided into...

99 Subsector; divided into...

312 Industry Groups; divided into...

713 Industries; divided into...

1,064+ National Industries



NAICS STRUCTURE EXAMPLE

Sector: 54 Professional and Business Services

Sub-Sector: 541 Professional, Scientific and

Technical Services

Industry Group: 5417 Scientific Research and

Development Services

NAICS Industry: 54171 Research and

Development in the Physical Engineering and

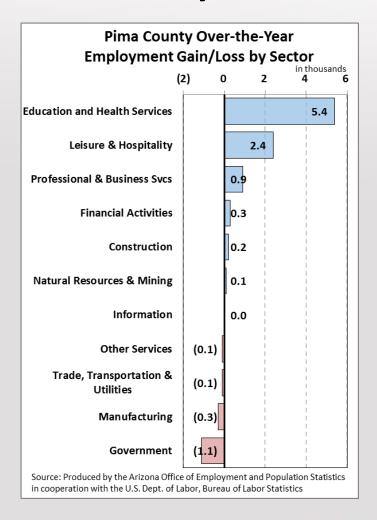
Life Sciences

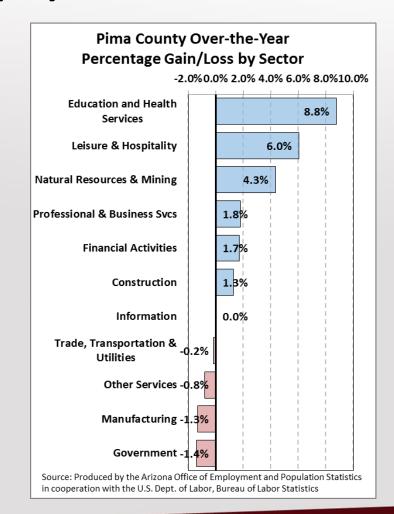
National Industry: 541711 Research and

Development in Biotechnology



Pima County Year Over Employment December (CES Data)







Labor Market Information

Employment Estimates



Current Employment Statistics (CES) Ways to Analyze Employment Levels

Over the Month

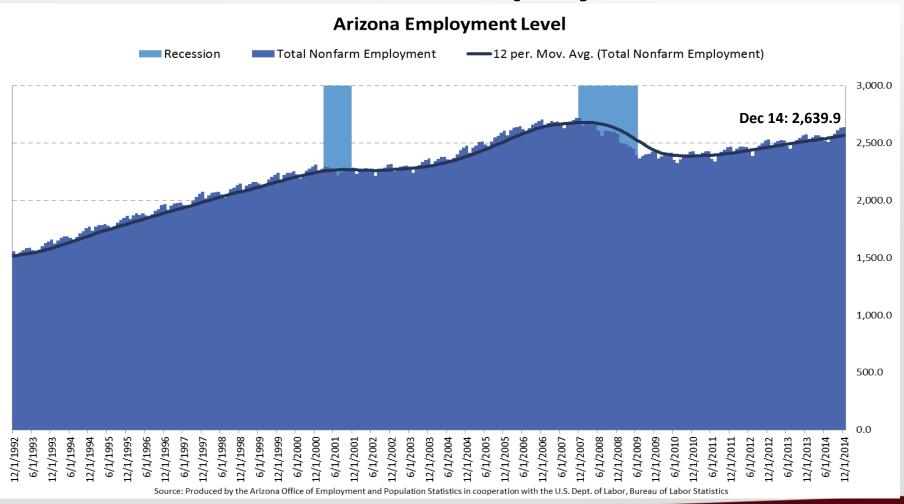
- Numeric/Percent Change
- <u>Issue</u>: Large influence of seasonal factors
- Main Use: Compare changes to previous years in the same month – comparison of previous years point-in-time estimates

Over the Year

- Numeric/Percent Change
- <u>Issue</u>: Less influenced by seasonal factors
- Main Use: Compare changes to previous time periods long-term trends (growing, declining, accelerating, or decelerating)

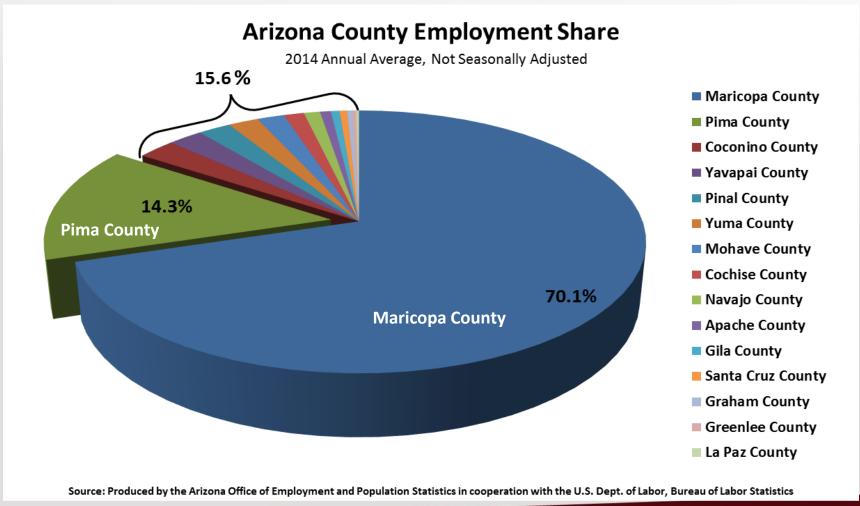


Arizona NonFarm Employment (CES Data)



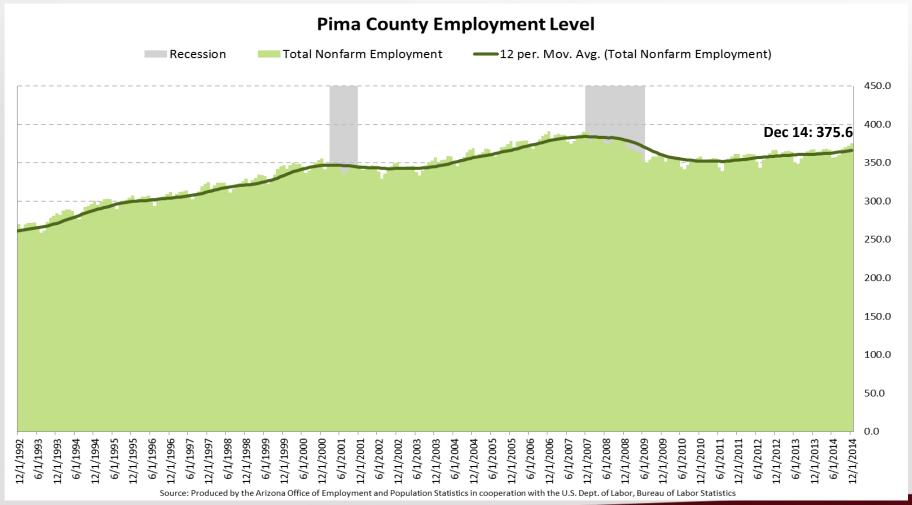


Arizona County Share (CES Data)



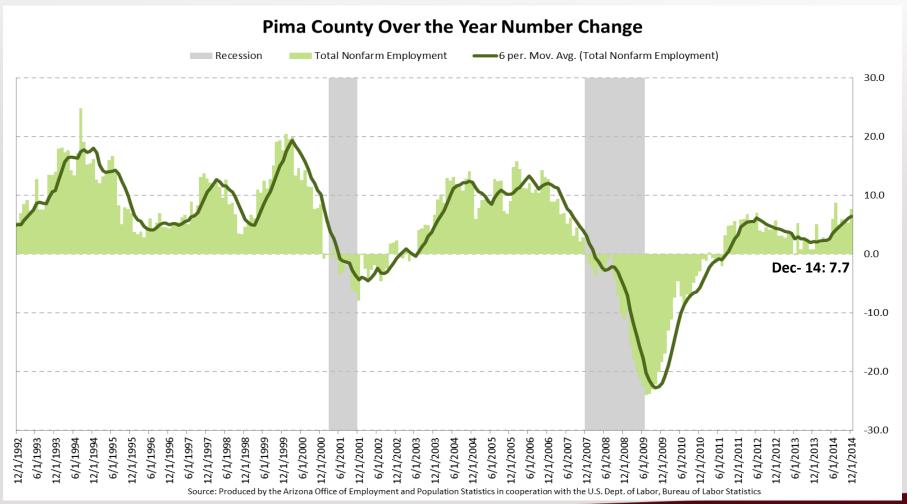


Pima County NonFarm Employment (CES Data)



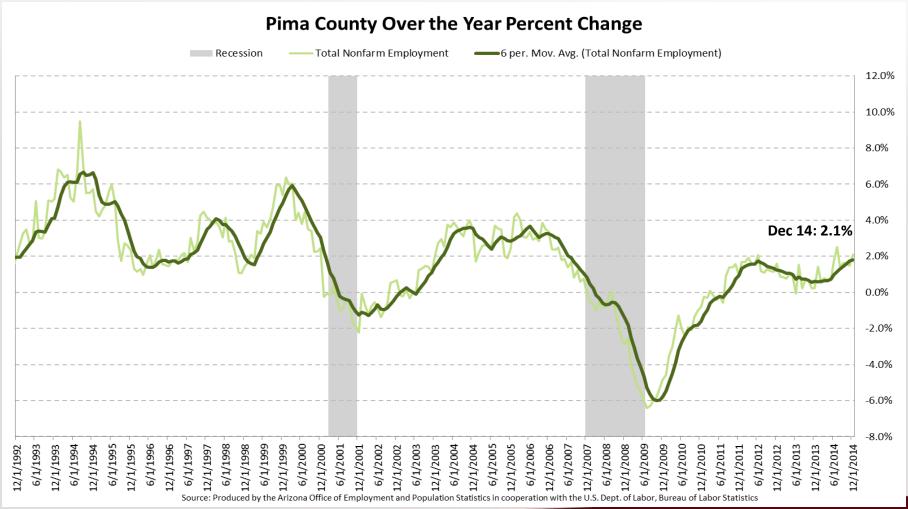


Pima County NonFarm Employment (CES Data)





Pima County NonFarm Employment (CES Data)

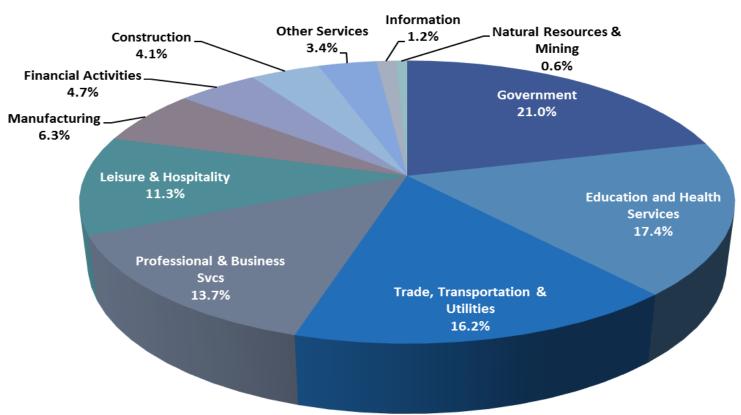




Pima County Industry Employment (CES Data)

Pima County Industry Employment Share

2014 Annual Average, Not Seasonally Adjusted



Source: Produced by the Arizona Office of Employment and Population Statistics in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics



The Six Target Sectors

Employment Estimates



Aerospace & Defense

Pima County WIB Definition

This Industry includes a concentration of the highest paid jobs, with military bases, defense contractors, and supporting manufacturers anchored by Davis-Monthan and major companies such as Raytheon and Sargent Controls.

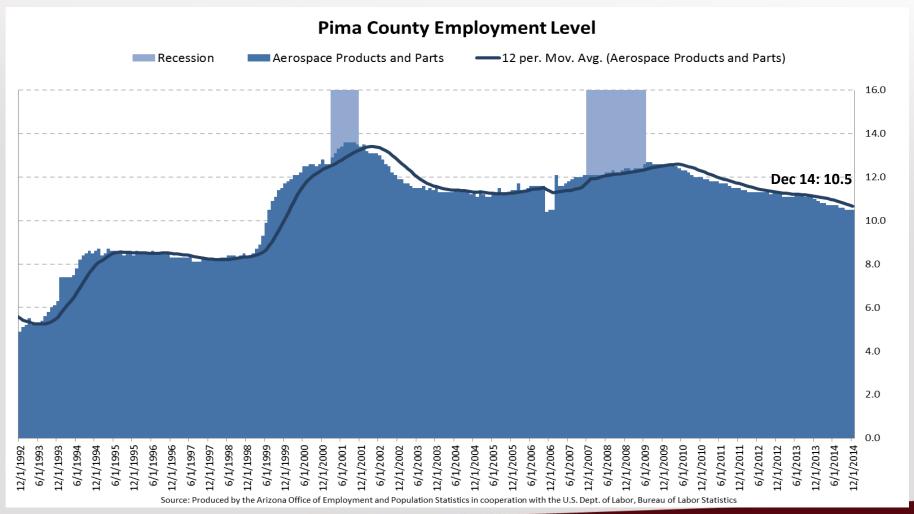
Some of the NAICS codes between various target Industries overlap

Possible NAICS Classifications

- 3364 Aerospace Products and Parts Manufacturing
 - 336411 Aircraft Manufacturing
 - 336412 Aircraft Engine and Engine Parts Manufacturing
 - 336413 Other Aircraft Parts and Auxiliary Equipment Manufacturing
 - 336414 Guided Missile and Space Vehicle Manufacturing
 - 336415 Guided Missile and Space Vehicle Propulsion Unit and Propulsion Unit Parts Manufacturing
 - 336419 Other Guided Missile and Space Vehicle Parts and Auxiliary Equipment Manufacturing

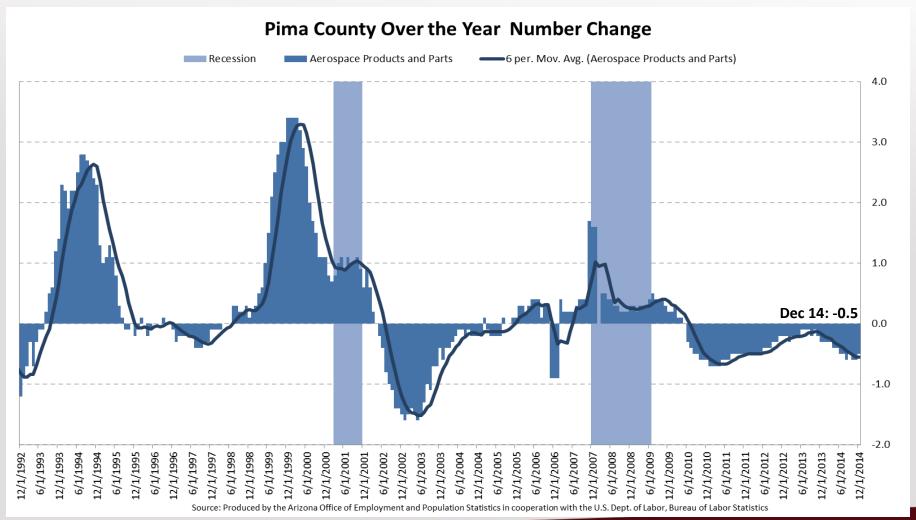


Aerospace Products and Parts Manufacturing (CES Data)



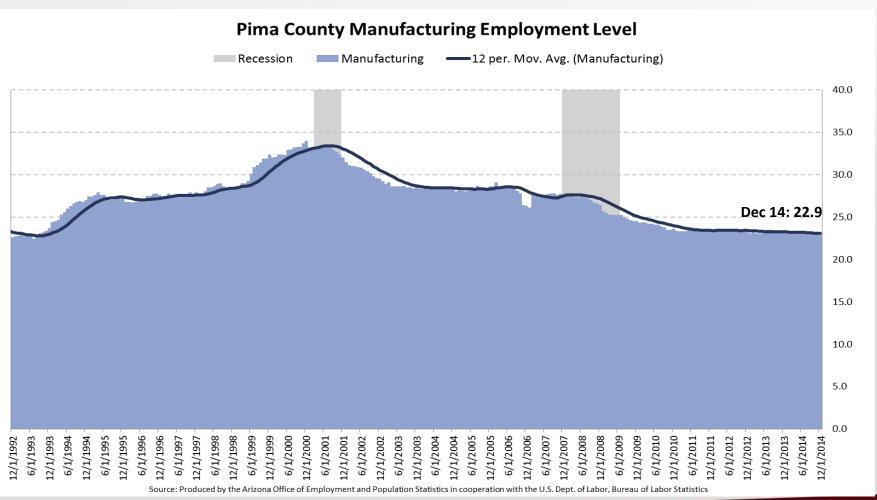


Aerospace Products and Parts Manufacturing (CES Data)



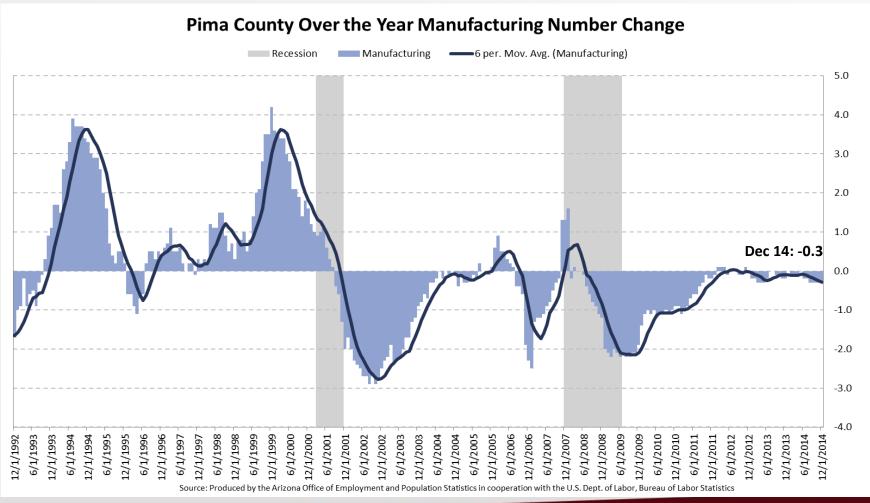


Manufacturing (CES Data)





Manufacturing Over the Year (CES Data)





Emerging Technology

Pima County WIB Definition

This sector encompasses entrepreneurship research and development, innovation, technology transfer and commercialization. These activities create primary jobs and drive competitiveness. Pima County has 1,200 high tech companies, ranging from established Fortune 500 companies to small start-ups, some of them resulting from technology transfer activities from the University of Arizona.

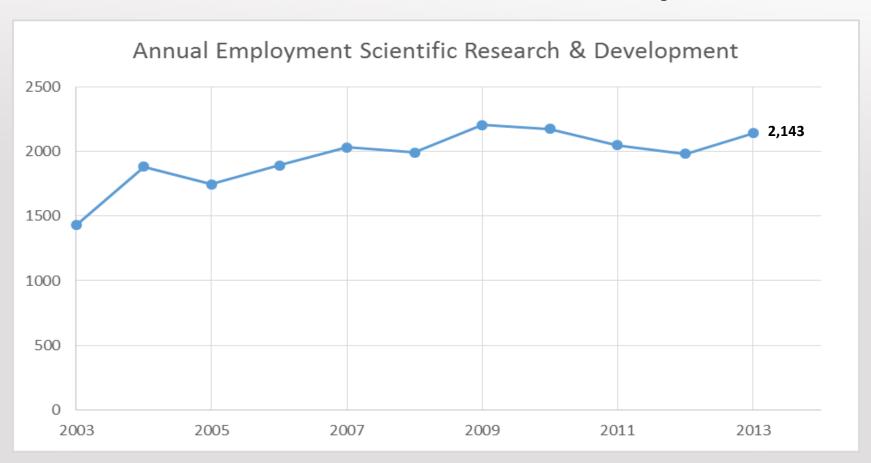
Some of the NAICS codes between various target Industries overlap

Possible NAICS Classifications

- 3341 Computer and Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing
- 3344 Semiconductor and Other Electronic Component Manufacturing
- 5112 Software Publishers
- 517 Telecommunications
- 54151 Computer Systems Design and Related Services
- 5417 Scientific Research & Development
 - 541711 Biotechnology research and development laboratories or services



Scientific Research & Development



Produced by the Arizona Office of Employment and Population Statistics in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics using Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) data



Logistics

Pima County WIB Definition

The region's strategic location along the U.S.-Mexico border and key trade routes accounts for the prominence of transportation and logistics, with career opportunities in purchasing, expediting, distribution, fleet management, import/export, inventory management, supply-chain management and warehousing.

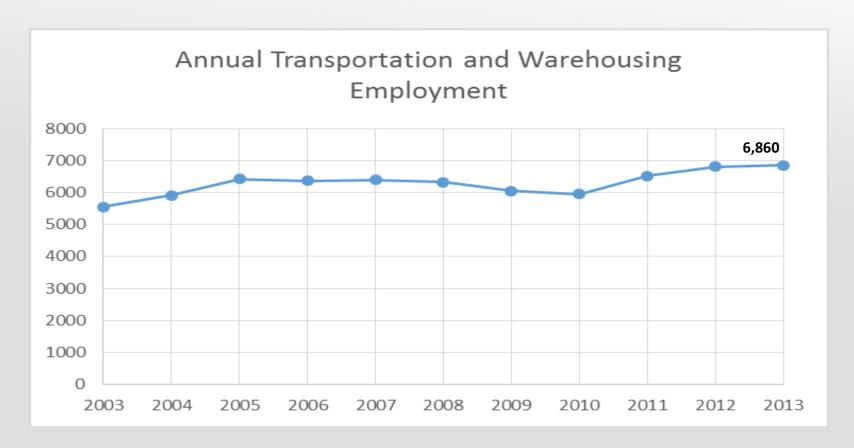
Possible NAICS Classification

48-49- Transportation & Warehousing

Some of the NAICS codes between various target Industries overlap



Transportation & Warehousing



Produced by the Arizona Office of Employment and Population Statistics in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics using Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) data



Health and Bioscience

Pima County WIB Definition

Health care and bioscience are large and vibrant industries that provide a significant number of high-paying jobs in Southern Arizona ranging from traditional health occupations, state of the art health information systems, and cutting edge biotechnology businesses.

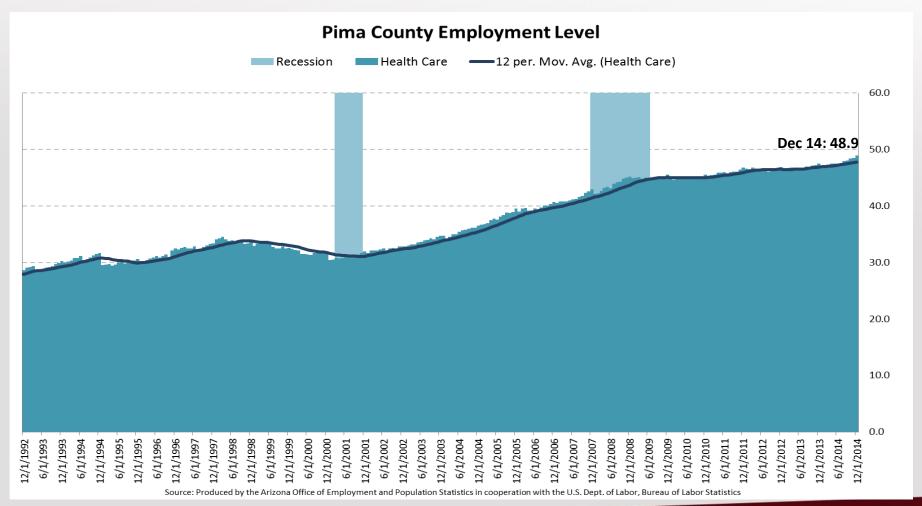
Some of the NAICS codes between various target Industries overlap

Possible NAICS Classifications

- 541711 Biotechnology research and development laboratories or services
- 621 Ambulatory Health Care Services
- **622** Hospitals
- 623 Nursing and Residential Care Facilities
- 3345 Navigational, Measuring, Electromedical, and Control Instruments Manufacturing

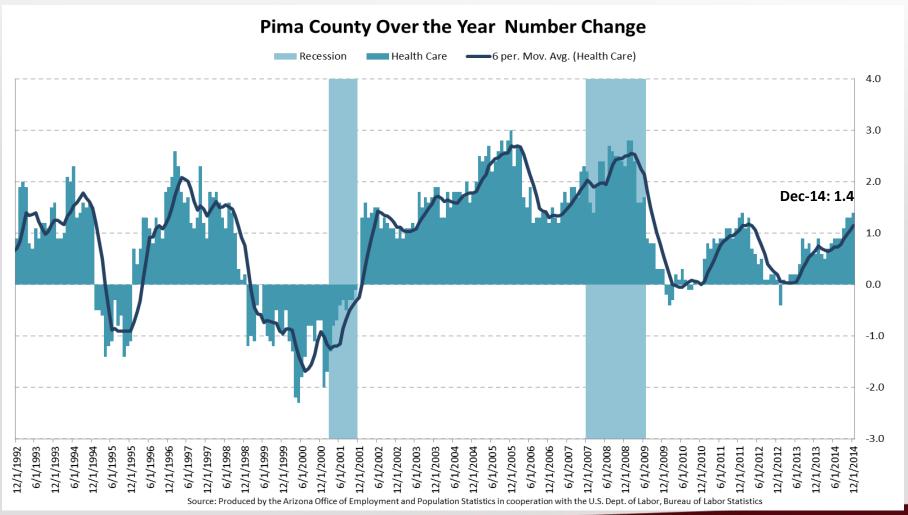


Health Care (CES Data)



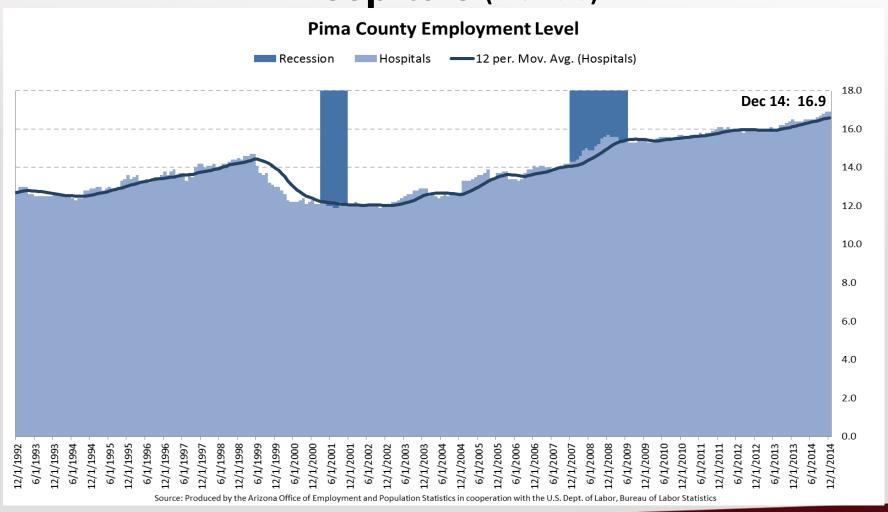


Health Care Over the Year (CES Data)



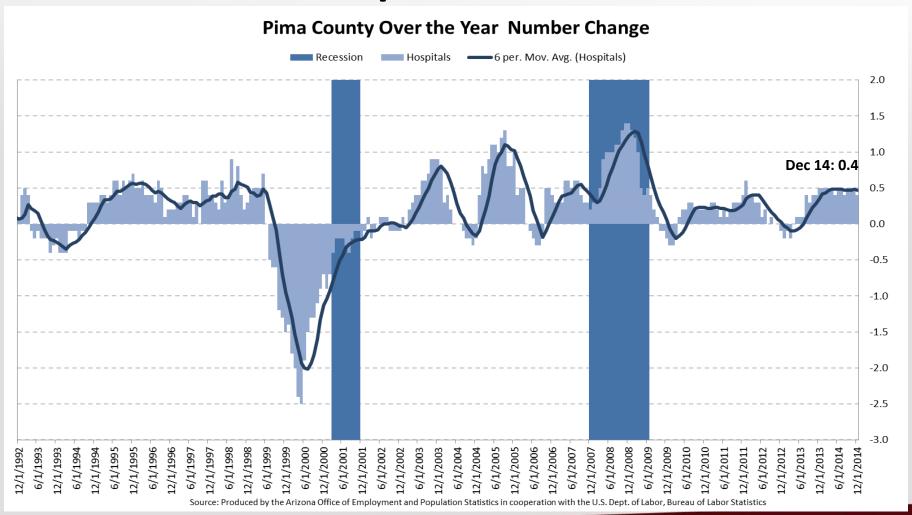


Hospitals (CES Data)





Hospitals (CES Data)





Natural and Renewable Resources

Pima County WIB Definition

This sector focuses on the creation of "green" jobs, facilities and systems that help reduce or eliminate reliance on irreplaceable energy sources. The critical feature of this sector is the "Solar Zone" at the University of Arizona Tech Park. This Zone is designed to allow companies to conduct research for new photovoltaic and other sun powered systems under the areas' 311 days of sun each year.

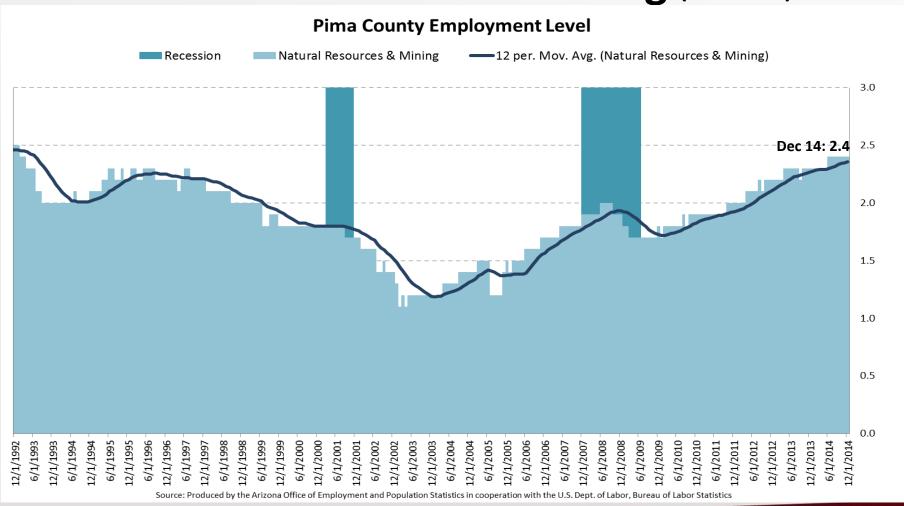
Possible NAICS Classifications

- 2211 Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution
- 113,1153,114,21 Natural Resources & Mining

^{*}Some of the NAICS codes between various target Industries overlap*

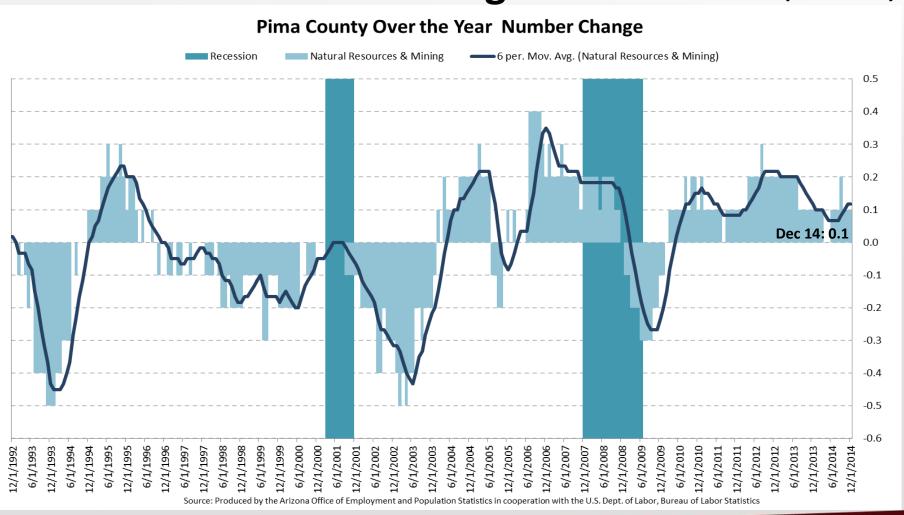


Natural Resources & Mining (CES Data)





Natural Resource & Mining Over the Year (CES Data)





Infrastructure

Pima County WIB Definition

The foundations of a safe, clean, and connected community include occupations in construction, extracting natural resources, communication and utilities.

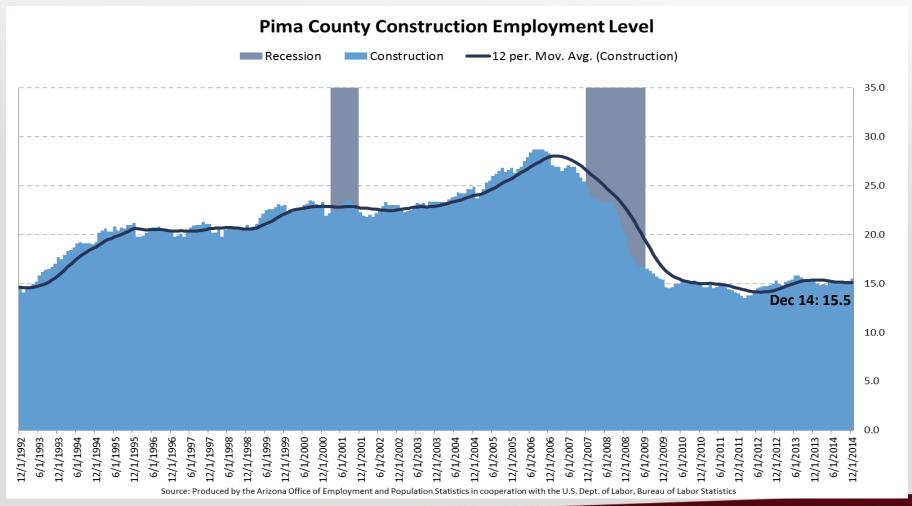
Some of the NAICS codes between various target Industries overlap

Possible NAICS Classifications

- 21 Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction
- 2211 Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution
- 23 Construction
- 517 Telecommunications
- 622 Hospitals

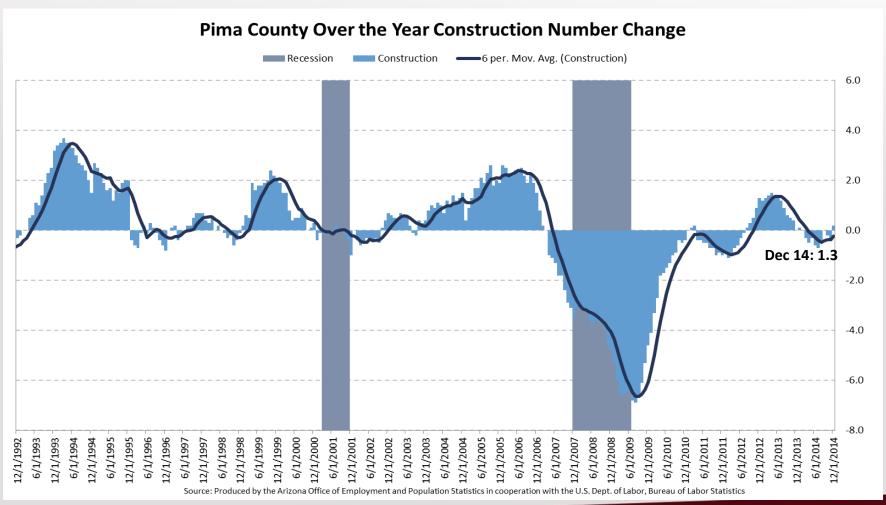


Construction (CES Data)



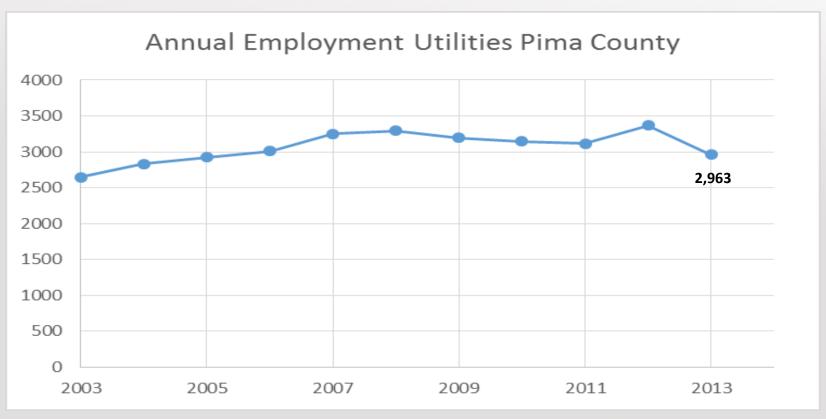


Construction Over the Year (CES Data)





Utilities



Produced by the Arizona Office of Employment and Population Statistics in cooperation with the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics using Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) data



Mismatch Between Target Sectors & One-Stop Users

A July 1, 2010 to October 11, 2011 Survey of 2,964 One-Stop users at Rio Nuevo and Kino found:

- 45% (1,333) **below** 9th grade level total battery
- 13% (391) **below** 5th grade level total battery
- 32% (949) **between** 5th and 9th grade total battery
- 51% (1512) below 9th grade level math (a prerequisite for technical jobs)

Battery = combination of all scores in language, spelling, math, & reading

Unemployment Rate by Educational Attainment:

- Less than High School: 18.3%
- High School/GED: 11.6%
- Some College or Associate's degree: 7.6%
- Bachelor's degree or higher: 4.3%

American Community Survey 2007-2011

The majority of One-Stop users and those most likely to be unemployed are unqualified for the jobs in many of the target sectors.

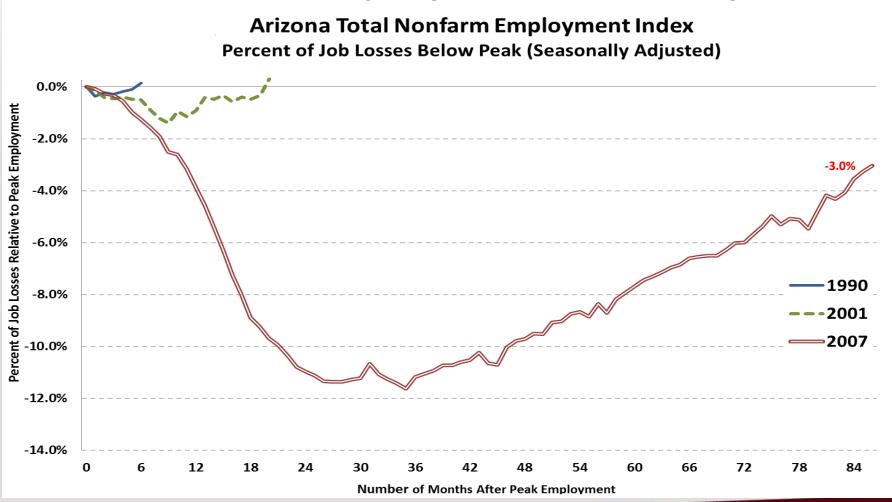


Labor Market Information

Post Recession Recovery



Arizona Employment Recovery



-4.0%

-6.0%

-8.0%

-10.0%

Source: CES Data

12

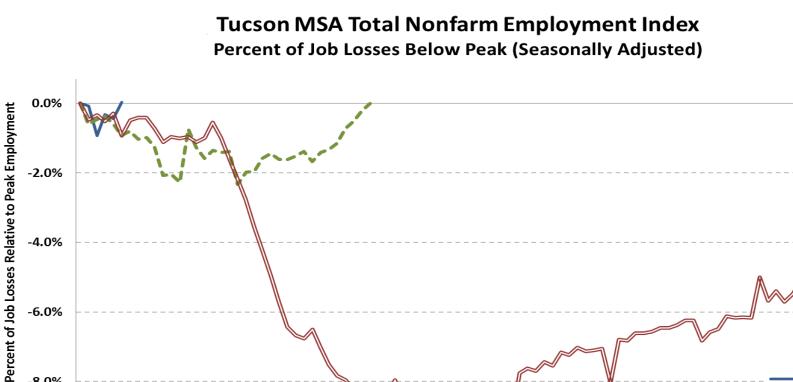
18

24

30



Tucson Employment Recovery





78

60

Number of Months After Peak Employment

66

72

1990

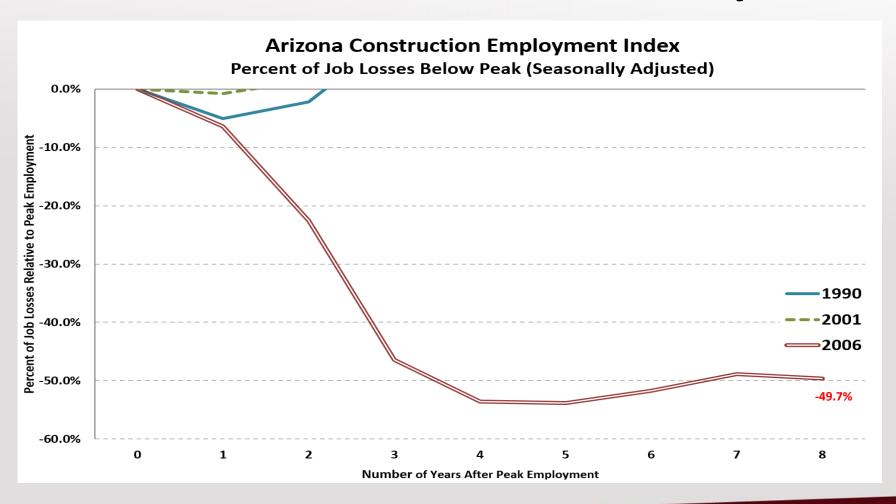
--2001

-2007

90

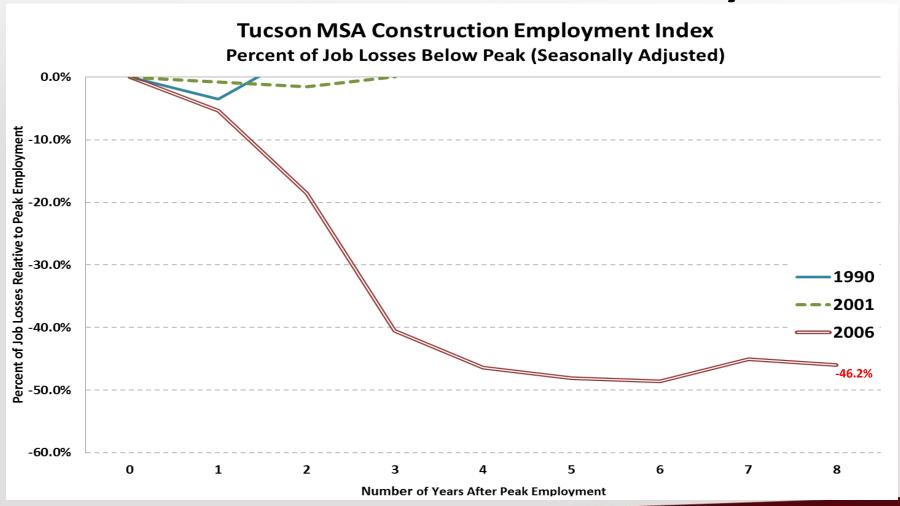


Arizona Construction Recovery



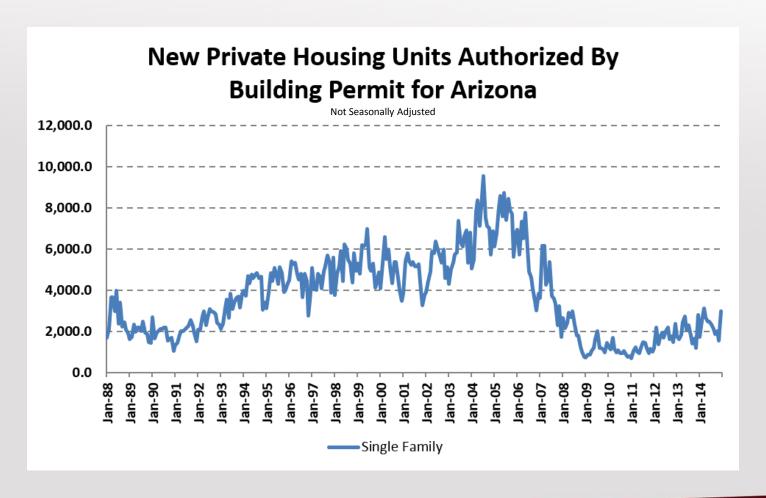


Tucson Construction Recovery



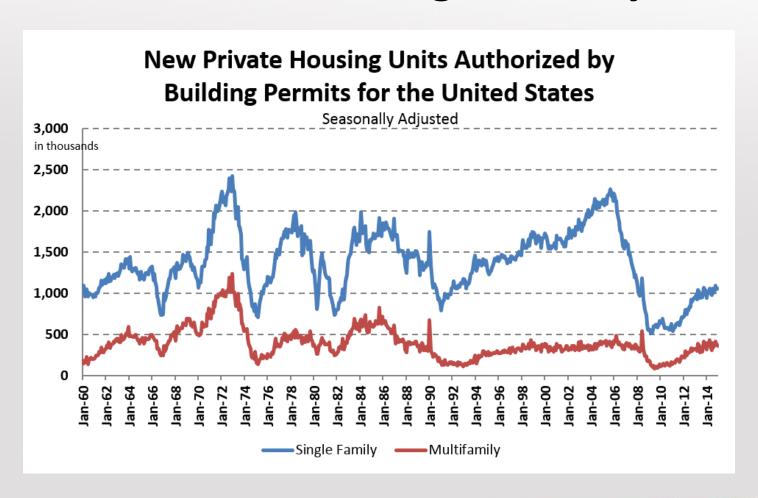


Arizona Housing Recovery





National Housing Recovery





Labor Market Information

Employment Forecast



Employment Forecast

Industry Projections

- Estimates are categorized by what an industry does (North American Classification System, NAICS)
- Industry projections are produced using monthly and quarterly employment data series, noncovered employment data, and various economic indicators

Occupation Projections

- Estimates are categorized by what the worker does (Standard Occupational Classification System, SOC)
- Occupation projections are produced using industry projections in conjunction with industry staffing patters

Available at https://laborstats.az.gov/employment-forecasts



Employment Forecast

Industry Projections

https://laborstats.az.gov/employment-forecasts

Short Term (2 years)

- Annual Publication
- Current Period: 2014-2016
- Produced for the State,
 Phoenix and Tucson MSA, and
 Balance of State areas

Long Term (10 years)

- Biennial Publication
- Current Period: 2012-2022
- Produced for the State,
 Phoenix and Tucson MSA, and
 Balance of State areas



Short Term Industry & Occupational Employment Projections

To be released on February 26, 2015



Cluster Industries

University of Arizona



Tucson Competitive Clusters

- Metro Tucson is number one in the nation for Missiles and Space Vehicles (however this has been a declining industry of late)
- found to be an important factor in explaining growth potential, wage levels, and competitiveness. Understanding a region's cluster composition informs local economic developers' efforts to promote their economy."

Tucson: Important Traded Clusters
missiles and space vehicles
hospitality and tourism
professional organizations and services
transportation and logistics
entertainment venues
engineering services
research organizations
medical equipment
software
search and navigation equipment
optical instruments



Thank you. Questions?



Arizona Department of Administration

Employment and Population Statistics

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